

Basic figures on the EU

First quarter 2014

Indicators of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

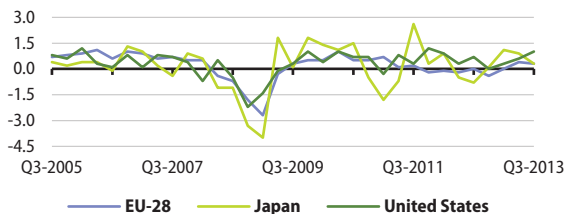
EU-28		2005	2011	2012	Target
Employment	Employment rate (% of population aged 20–64)	67.9	68.5	68.4	75
	– male	76.0	74.9	74.5	
	– female	59.9	62.2	62.3	
EU-28		2005	2011	2012	Target
R&D	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.82	2.04	2.06	3
EU-28		2005	2010	2011	Target
Climate change / energy	Greenhouse gas emissions (index, 1990 = 100) ⁽¹⁾	93	86	83	80
	Renewables in gross final energy consumption (%)	8.5	12.5	13.0	20.0
	Primary energy consumption (million tonnes of oil equivalent)	1 711	1 653	1 591	1 483
EU-28		2005	2011	2012	Target
Education	Early leavers from education & training (% of population aged 18–24)	15.7	13.4	12.7	< 10
	– male	17.7	15.3	14.4	
	– female	13.7	11.5	10.9	
	Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30–34)	27.9	34.5	35.7	≥ 40
	– male	26.0	30.7	31.5	
	– female	29.9	38.4	39.9	
EU-28 ⁽²⁾		2005	2011	2012	Target
Poverty or social exclusion	People at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion (million)	124.3	121.5	124.5	95.7 ⁽³⁾
	People at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion (%)	25.7	24.3	24.8	
	In households with very low work intensity (%)	10.4	10.3	10.4	
	At-risk-of-poverty after social transfers (%)	16.4	16.9	17.0	
	Severely materially deprived (%)	10.8	8.9	9.9	

⁽¹⁾ EU-27 (the target is set for the EU-27 aggregate and not for the EU-28). ⁽²⁾ 2005: EU-27. ⁽³⁾ 20 million less than the 2008 figure (see conclusions of European Council 17 June 2010 at http://ec.europa.eu/eu2020/pdf/council_conclusion_17_june_en.pdf).

Source: Eurostat (http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/europe_2020_indicators/headline_indicators)

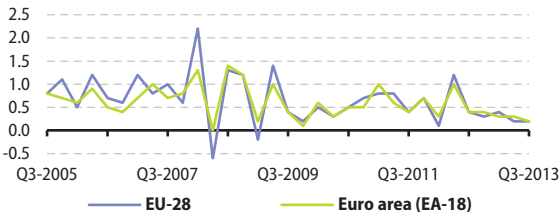
Selected Principal European Economic Indicators

GDP, quarterly growth rate (%)



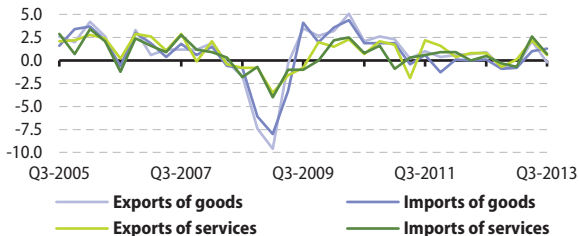
Source: Eurostat (online data code: namq_gdp_k)

Labour cost index, quarterly growth rate (%)



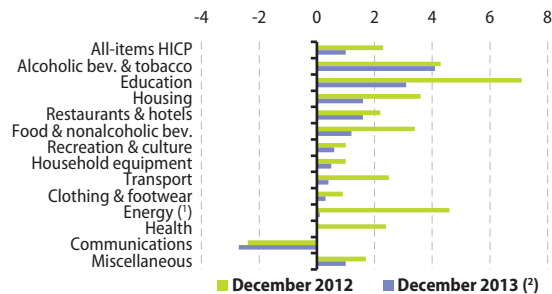
Source: Eurostat (online data code: lc_lci_r2_q)

Trade of goods and services, quarterly growth rate, EU-28 (%)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: namq_exi_k)

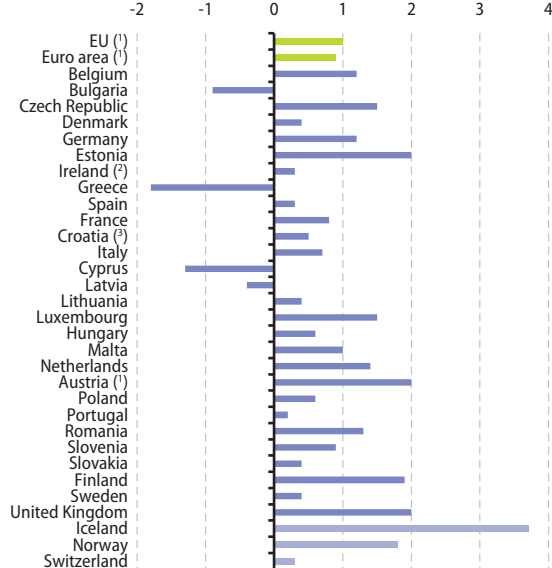
Inflation, annual rate of change, EU (%)



(¹) Estimate for September 2013. (²) Provisional.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: prc_hicp_manr)

Inflation, annual rate of change, all-items indices, December 2013 (%)



(¹) Provisional. (²) November 2013. (³) Definition differs.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: prc_hicp_manr)

Economy, public finance

	GDP in current prices		GDP growth in volume			Government surplus (+) / deficit (-)		Government debt	
	(EUR / inhabitant)	(1 000 million EUR)	Quarterly growth rate (%)			(% of GDP)		(% of GDP)	
	2012		Q1-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013
EU-28	25 500	12 971	0.0	0.4	0.3	-2.4	-3.5	86.7	86.8
Euro area (EA-18)	28 400	9 506	-0.2	0.3	0.1	-2.1	-3.4	93.3	92.6
Belgium	34 000	376	0.0	0.2	0.3	1.7	-8.4	105.2	103.7
Bulgaria	5 400	40	0.1	-0.1	0.5	-0.2	-0.5	18.0	17.3
Czech Republic	14 600	153	-1.3	0.3	0.2	-1.4	-0.8	47.0	46.0
Denmark	43 900	245	-0.1	0.5	0.4	1.3	-0.7	45.7	46.3
Germany	32 600	2 666	0.0	0.7	0.3	:	:	79.8	78.4
Estonia	13 000	17	-0.1	-0.2	0.6	1.5	1.1	9.8	10.0
Ireland	35 700	164	-1.1	1.0	1.5	-5.8	-6.6	125.4	124.8
Greece	17 200	194	:	:	:	-30.4	-2.4	168.8	171.8
Spain	22 300	1 029	-0.4	-0.1	0.1	-9.4	-7.3	92.2	93.4
France	31 100	2 032	-0.1	0.6	-0.1	:	:	93.6	92.7
Croatia	10 300	44	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-7.6	-2.5	59.8	61.7
Italy	25 700	1 567	-0.6	-0.3	0.0	-0.9	-3.0	133.3	132.9
Cyprus	20 700	18	-1.7	-1.8	-0.8	-5.4	-2.7	98.6	109.6
Latvia	10 900	22	1.8	0.1	1.3	2.2	-0.6	38.7	38.0
Lithuania	11 000	33	0.8	0.6	0.2	-1.4	0.9	40.3	39.6
Luxembourg	80 700	43	-0.7	2.0	0.2	3.0	0.3	23.0	27.7
Hungary	9 800	97	0.9	0.4	0.9	-1.6	-2.3	81.5	80.2
Malta	16 300	7	-0.4	2.0	-0.4	-2.0	-5.0	75.7	76.6
Netherlands	35 800	599	-0.3	0.0	0.2	-4.6	-5.4	73.9	73.6
Austria	36 400	307	0.1	0.0	0.2	-0.1	-2.3	75.2	77.1
Poland	9 900	381	0.3	0.5	0.6	-3.8	-1.8	58.3	58.0
Portugal	15 600	165	-0.4	1.1	0.2	-4.2	-3.6	131.3	128.7
Romania	6 200	132	0.6	0.8	1.6	-1.1	1.5	38.6	38.9
Slovenia	17 200	35	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	-4.7	-2.2	62.6	62.6
Slovakia	13 200	71	0.2	0.3	0.2	-2.1	-2.2	58.1	57.2
Finland	35 600	193	-0.2	0.1	0.0	2.4	-2.7	57.3	54.8
Sweden	42 800	408	0.5	-0.1	0.1	2.5	-2.3	40.8	40.7
United Kingdom	30 300	1 933	0.5	0.8	0.8	-5.7	-6.1	89.5	89.1
Iceland	32 900	11	4.6	-6.6	6.1	-0.6	-2.5	:	:
Norway	77 500	389	-0.4	1.2	0.7	16.8	10.4	32.3	31.1
Switzerland	61 900	491	0.6	0.5	0.5	-0.6	-0.4	:	:
Online data code:	nama_gdp_c		teina011			gov_q_ggnfa		gov_q_ggdebt	

Source: Eurostat

Population, living conditions and education

	Population			Fertility rate (children / woman) (°)	Life expectancy at birth (years) (°)		At-risk-of poverty rate (%) (°)		Educational attainment (%) (°)		Early leavers from education and training (%) (°)	
	Total (million)	Share of age group (%)			Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
		< 15	65 +									
	1.1.2013	1.1.2012		2012								
EU-28	505.70	15.6	17.8	1.57	77.4	83.2	16.3	17.5	74.8	73.7	14.4	10.9
Euro area (EA-17)	331.13	15.4	18.7	1.56	:	:	16.3	17.7	70.2	69.9	15.9	11.7
Belgium	11.16	17.0	17.3	1.79	77.8	83.1	14.2	15.4	70.7	72.6	14.4	9.5
Bulgaria	7.28	13.4	18.8	1.50	70.9	77.9	19.5	22.8	81.0	81.0	12.1	13.0
Czech Republic	10.52	14.7	16.2	1.45	75.1	81.2	8.7	10.5	94.8	90.0	6.1	4.9
Denmark	5.60	17.7	17.3	1.73	78.1	82.1	13.3	12.9	77.7	78.1	10.8	7.4
Germany	80.52	13.2	20.6	1.38	78.6	83.3	14.9	17.2	88.5	84.1	11.3	9.9
Estonia	1.32	15.5	17.2	1.55	71.5	81.6	16.8	18.1	87.1	92.3	14.0	7.1
Ireland	4.59	21.6	11.9	2.01	78.7	83.2	15.4	14.9	71.8	77.4	11.2	8.2
Greece	11.06	14.4	19.7	1.34	78.0	83.4	22.5	23.6	64.0	67.5	13.7	9.1
Spain	46.70	15.2	17.4	1.32	79.5	85.4	22.2	22.1	52.7	56.0	28.8	20.8
France	65.63	18.6	17.1	2.01	78.7	85.7	13.6	14.6	73.4	71.7	13.4	9.8
Croatia	4.26	14.9	17.3	1.51	73.9	80.6	19.4	21.6	83.8	75.0	4.6	3.6
Italy	59.69	14.0	20.6	1.43	80.1	85.3	18.1	20.7	55.7	58.8	20.5	14.5
Cyprus	0.87	16.5	12.8	1.39	78.9	83.4	12.9	16.4	78.5	76.4	16.5	7.0
Latvia	2.02	14.3	18.6	1.44	68.9	78.9	19.3	19.1	85.6	92.2	14.7	6.3
Lithuania	2.97	14.9	18.1	1.60	68.4	79.6	18.1	19.0	92.0	94.5	8.1	4.6
Luxembourg	0.54	17.1	14.0	1.57	79.1	83.8	14.7	15.6	80.2	76.3	10.7	5.5
Hungary	9.91	14.5	16.9	1.34	71.6	78.7	14.2	13.9	84.7	79.7	12.2	10.7
Malta	0.42	14.7	16.5	1.43	78.6	83.0	14.4	15.5	41.0	35.2	27.5	17.6
Netherlands	16.78	17.3	16.2	1.72	79.3	83.0	9.5	10.6	74.6	72.1	10.2	7.3
Austria	8.45	14.5	17.8	1.44	78.4	83.6	13.5	15.3	88.0	78.4	7.9	7.3
Poland	38.53	15.1	13.8	1.30	72.7	81.1	17.1	17.1	89.7	89.5	7.8	3.5
Portugal	10.49	14.8	19.4	1.28	77.3	83.6	17.5	18.2	34.1	41.0	27.1	14.3
Romania	20.02	15.0	15.0	1.53	71.1	78.2	21.9	23.2	79.5	72.4	18.0	16.7
Slovenia	2.06	14.3	16.8	1.58	77.1	83.3	12.5	14.6	86.2	83.7	5.4	3.2
Slovakia	5.41	15.4	12.8	1.34	72.5	79.9	13.2	13.3	93.5	90.0	6.0	4.6
Finland	5.43	16.5	18.1	1.80	77.7	83.7	12.9	13.6	82.3	87.4	9.8	8.1
Sweden	9.56	16.7	18.8	1.91	79.9	83.6	12.7	15.7	81.9	82.9	8.5	6.3
United Kingdom	63.90	17.5	16.9	1.91	79.0	83.0	16.0	16.5	79.4	76.4	14.7	12.4
Iceland	0.32	20.7	12.6	2.04	81.6	84.3	8.4	7.5	72.7	69.3	23.6	16.5
Norway	5.05	18.5	15.4	1.85	79.5	83.5	9.6	10.5	82.0	82.2	17.6	11.9
Switzerland	8.04	15.0	17.2	1.52	80.6	84.9	14.4	17.3	89.0	83.6	5.7	5.3
Online data code:	tps00001	tps00010	tsdde220	tps00025	tessi010	edat_lfse_08	t2020_40					

(°) EU-28, Euro area, France and the United Kingdom: 2011. (°) EU-28, France, Italy and the United Kingdom: 2011. (°) Ireland: 2011. (°) Those aged 25–64 with at least an upper secondary education (level generally prior to higher education). (°) Percentage of the population aged 18–24 with at most a lower secondary education and not in further education or training; Croatia: unreliable; Lithuania and Slovenia: female rate, unreliable.

Source: Eurostat

Employment and unemployment

	Employment		Employment rate, aged 20–64 (% of population)				Unemployment rate (% of the labour force)					
	(1 000)		Male		Female		Total		Youth, aged 15–24		Long-term	
	Q2-2013	Q3-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013	Q3-2013	Q4-2013	Q3-2013	Q4-2013	Q2-2013	Q3-2013
EU-28	223 154	224 836	74.3	74.8	62.6	62.8	10.9	10.8	23.5	23.3	5.1	5.1
Euro area (EA-18)	145 983	146 645	73.7	73.9	62.0	62.1	12.1	12.0	24.0	23.9	5.9	5.9
Belgium	4 517	4 610	73.2	72.2	61.7	63.1	8.5	8.4	22.9	22.9	3.7	3.9
Bulgaria	3 516	3 624	66.1	68.3	61.0	62.2	12.8	13.0	28.6	28.9	7.2	7.1
Czech Republic	5 134	5 153	81.2	81.5	63.9	63.9	6.9	6.8	19.0	18.8	3.0	3.0
Denmark	2 772	2 797	79.0	78.7	73.0	73.4	7.1	6.8	13.7	12.8	1.9	1.7
Germany	41 796	42 032	82.1	82.2	72.3	72.7	5.3	5.1	7.8	7.5	2.4	2.3
Estonia	622	619	77.8	78.0	70.7	69.6	8.5	:	16.6	:	3.9	3.4
Ireland	1 871	1 900	70.4	71.5	60.3	60.5	12.8	12.3	26.0	24.8	8.2	7.7
Greece	3 938	3 921	63.3	63.4	43.6	43.5	27.6	:	58.0	:	17.8	18.5
Spain	17 224	17 284	63.3	63.8	53.1	53.3	26.5	26.1	56.4	55.1	13.0	13.1
France	26 941	27 006	74.0	74.1	65.6	65.9	10.9	10.8	25.2	25.4	4.2	4.4
Croatia	:	:	58.5	59.5	50.9	50.8	17.8	18.5	49.8	49.2	10.8	10.8
Italy	24 297	24 331	69.7	70.1	50.1	49.5	12.3	:	40.4	:	6.8	6.5
Cyprus	358	356	72.9	72.7	62.1	61.7	16.6	17.3	40.2	40.8	5.6	6.4
Latvia	884	901	70.7	72.9	68.1	68.3	12.1	:	25.3	:	5.6	5.2
Lithuania	1 297	1 308	70.8	72.5	69.1	68.8	11.7	11.3	21.8	21.6	5.0	4.7
Luxembourg	386	386	76.5	79.1	64.7	63.7	6.0	6.1	19.3	20.1	1.4	1.9
Hungary	4 127	4 193	69.9	71.0	56.5	57.2	10.1	:	27.0	:	4.8	5.1
Malta	177	177	79.6	79.5	49.1	50.4	6.5	6.6	13.9	14.6	2.8	3.0
Netherlands	8 634	8 619	81.4	81.3	71.7	71.5	7.0	7.0	11.5	11.4	2.4	2.5
Austria	4 217	4 304	80.6	81.3	71.2	71.3	4.9	:	9.2	:	1.1	1.3
Poland	15 426	15 623	72.1	73.0	57.3	58.2	10.3	10.2	27.2	27.5	4.4	4.3
Portugal	4 520	4 573	68.5	69.4	62.2	62.7	16.0	15.5	36.4	36.4	9.4	9.3
Romania	9 288	9 451	71.6	73.1	57.4	57.3	7.3	7.2	23.3	:	3.2	3.5
Slovenia	917	932	70.9	72.5	63.2	63.6	9.8	9.9	20.7	23.3	5.1	4.9
Slovakia	2 187	2 195	72.5	72.3	57.5	58.0	14.3	14.0	33.3	33.0	9.9	9.9
Finland	2 546	2 528	75.9	76.0	72.8	72.2	8.2	8.4	19.9	19.5	1.6	1.7
Sweden	4 622	4 786	82.3	83.4	77.7	77.9	7.9	7.9	23.1	22.6	1.5	1.3
United Kingdom	29 721	30 068	80.1	81.0	69.1	69.3	7.5	:	20.7	:	2.8	2.7
Iceland	:	:	86.3	:	79.9	:	5.4	5.3	10.8	10.0	:	:
Norway	2 710	2 743	82.4	82.4	77.1	77.4	3.5	:	9.2	:	0.8	0.7
Switzerland	:	:	87.3	87.2	76.9	76.3	:	:	:	:	:	:
Online data code:	lfsi_grt_q		lfsi_emp_q				une_rt_q				une_ltu_q	

Source: Eurostat

General information

Coverage

This short guide shows information for the EU, the euro area, the EU Member States and three EFTA countries. The euro area (EA-18) is composed of: Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Finland. The euro area (EA-17) aggregate excludes Latvia. The EU-28 includes the EA-18 countries and also: Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Sweden and the United Kingdom. The EU-27 aggregate excludes Croatia. The three EFTA countries covered are: Iceland, Norway and Switzerland.

For the EU, the information presented in this short guide is generally based on data for the EU-28 and EA-18 aggregates (when available). However, the data for inflation is based on moving aggregates that reflect the membership of the EU and euro area over time (coded EU and Euro area in the graphs).

Quarterly growth rates are expressed in relation to the previous quarter. Quarterly rates are generally calculated using seasonally adjusted data, although rates for the government surplus, deficit and debt and long-term unemployment are based on non seasonally adjusted data. Furthermore, annual rates of change for inflation are also based on non seasonally adjusted data.

Symbols and abbreviations

: not available

Figures in italics are estimates, provisional or forecasts

Extraction date

Data were extracted on 31 January 2014.

The next edition (extraction planned: 30 April 2014) will be issued in May 2014.

The most recent data is available at
http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/statistics/search_database

Data codes

The Eurostat online data code, which is given at the bottom of each column of data in the tables and as part of the source for figures, provides users with a quick and efficient way of accessing the most up-to-date statistics. When used through the 'search' facility of Eurostat's website, each data code directs users to the corresponding dataset offering the freshest data and longer time-series.

Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union

Eurostat's mission is to be the leading provider of high quality statistics on Europe. Eurostat publishes **official, harmonised statistics** on the European Union (EU) and the euro area which offer an objective portrayal of social and economic trends. These statistics are available for EU Member States, and are sometimes broken down by region. Furthermore, some of the indicators are published for candidate countries and other non-member countries.

Eurostat collects data from national statistical institutes; the statistics are harmonised according to Europe-wide methodologies. Data are, therefore, genuinely **comparable** across the whole of the EU.

Website

Eurostat's website: <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat> provides free access to EU statistics, and is also available in German and French.

Statistics Explained is a wiki-based system that presents statistical topics in an easy to understand way. Together, the articles make up an encyclopaedia of European statistics and can be accessed at: http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/statistics_explained. There one can also access online publications *Eurostat yearbook*, *Regional yearbook*, *The EU in the world*, *Statistics in focus* and other publications.

Eurostat releases a range of **publications**, all of which are **free of charge** on its website in PDF format; some of these are also available in German and French. Among these, the pocketbook *Key figures on Europe 2013* provides a comprehensive set of information introducing readers to most statistical themes that are covered by Eurostat.

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